

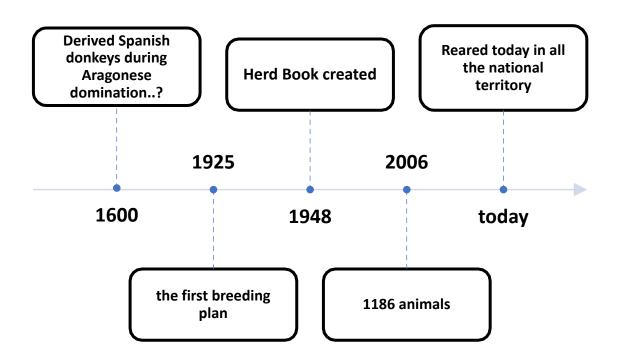
Population structure assessment using genome wide molecular information in Martina Franca donkey.

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Martina Franca donkey...









Martina Franca donkey...



Bari (Staly), during the XXV Fiera del Levante (picture Famiglia Bastore)



Staly







"Alpini" corp soldiers with their mules called "Muli Reccesi"

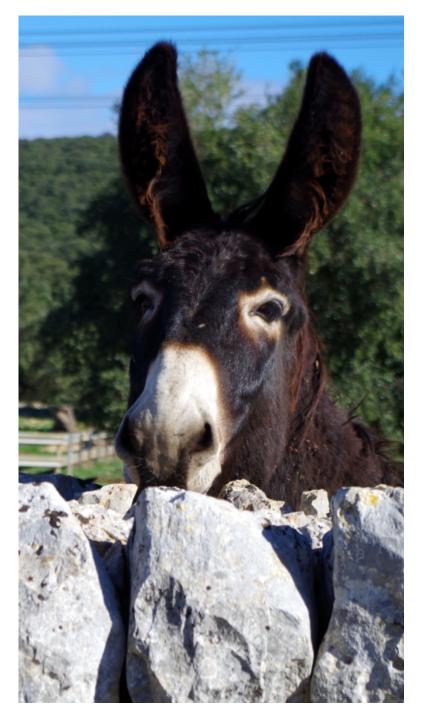
Martina Franca donkey...

- Appreciated for mule production during the "Great War"
- Milk (and meat)

• onotherapy







<u>Objectives</u>

To assess population structure

Evaluate molecular inbreeding values

Seeking divergent individuals

Check pedigree inconsistency



Material and Methods

- 100 samples from 10 herds
- BARs from DDRAD BEQ (DJA Technology Bervices Brl)
- R software (Optisel, tydiverse etc.)
- Elink, Admixture, Netview, Geekparent etc.



Material and Methods

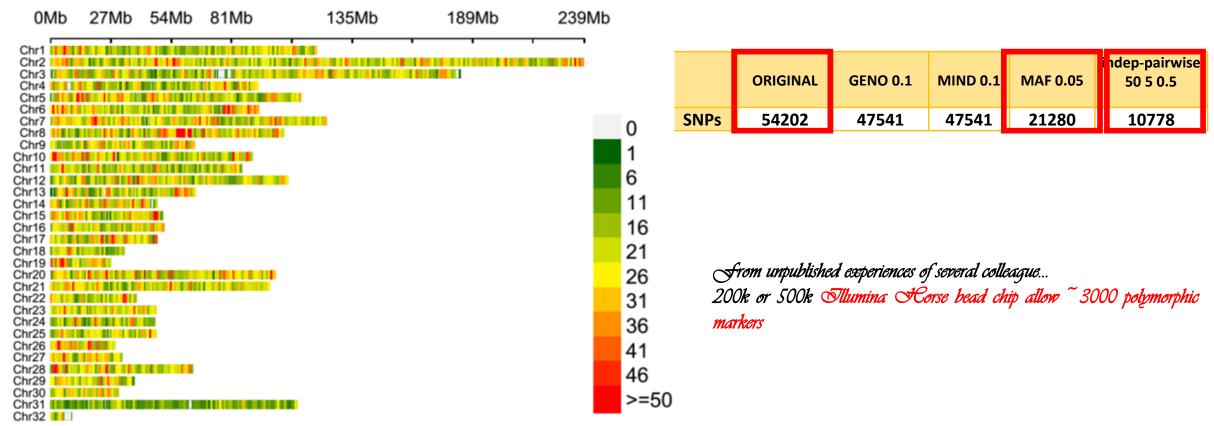
FARM	SAMPLES
Α	46
В	6
С	8
D	3
Е	7
F	7
G	8
Н	8
I	2
L	6

Regional conservation centre 100 female



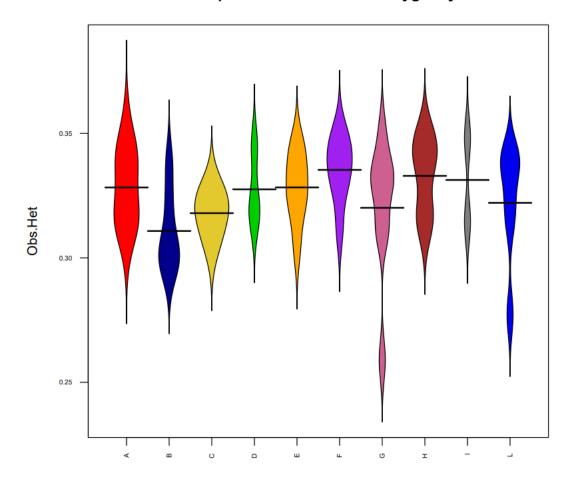
Results: the marker panel

The number of SNPs within 1Mb window size



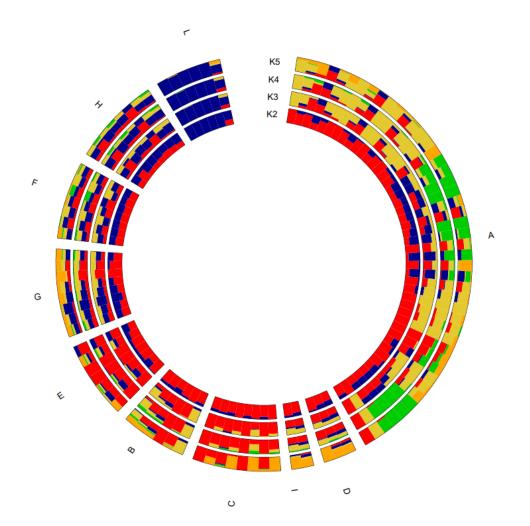
Results: biodiversity

Beanplot of Observed Heterozygosity



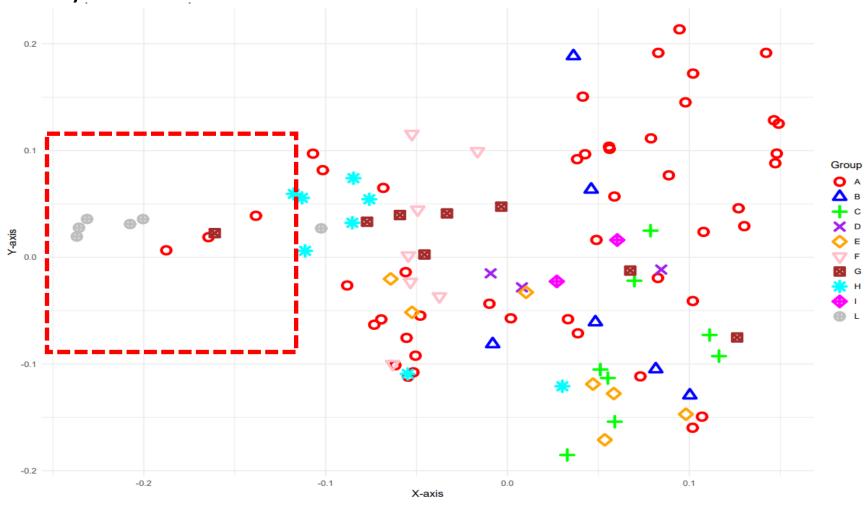
- ✓ Median Ho around 0,32
- ✓ Cigher density from 0,30 and 0,35
- ✓ Cigh heterogeneity especially in fam 🔥 and 矣

Results: the admixture plot



- ✓ Most likely number of X = 5
- ✓ Sarm 🚣 show the highest degree of substructure
- ✓ farm € is the most divergent from k=2
- ✓ Sarm 🚱 and 🦁 diverge from 💢=5

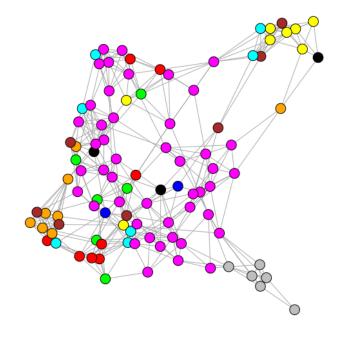
Results: the M D B plot



- ✓ first and second axes sum 13% of variance
- \checkmark Sarm \triangle is genetically related to the whole population
- ✓ Farm € the most divergent again



Results: the XECVIEW plot

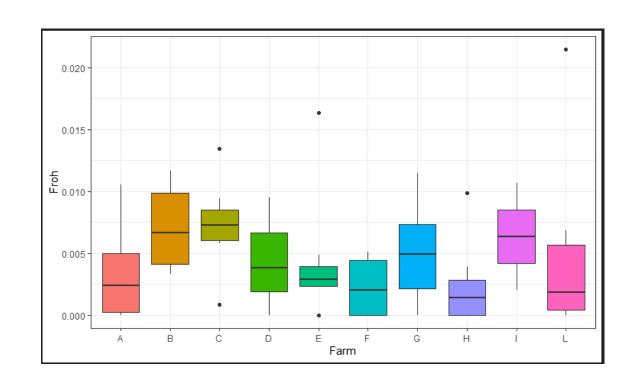


- \checkmark farm \triangle is genetically related to the whole population
- ✓ Sarm € the most divergent again

SARM	COLOR
\mathcal{A}	Magenta
Œ	Green
6	<u> Orange</u>
$\overline{\sim}$	Black
Æ	Oyan
F	Brown
G	<i>Petlow</i>
OHC	Red
⊗	8lue
$\mathcal {Q}$	Grap

Results: the Fis and ROH

FARM	F mean
Α	-0,01257
В	0,047823
С	0,014817
D	-0,01394
E	-0,01603
F	-0,03301
G	0,010093
н	-0,0218
<u>l</u>	-0,01071
L	0,009338



Results: the Fis and ROH

Using SeekPArentF90 whit cutoff of 2% of discordant marker on a total of 29 individual pair:

- 1. Total conflicts 10,3%
- 2. Conflict stallion/offspring **18.2**%
- 3. Conflict mare/offspring **5.6**%

Conclusions

- The DDRADseq technique allows applying genomic tools even in species where there are no commercial solutions
- The results allow identifying divergent individuals that can be used for the resolution of inbreeding
- There is still a good genetic variation
- inbreeding is not very high, but some individual has very high value
- High degree of pedigree errors!

