

INTELLIRAS

Some results from a project on precision fish farming (PFF) in recirculation aquaculture systems (RAS)

<u>Leslie Foldager</u>^{1,2}, Vivi M. Thorup¹, Matti Pastell³, Mette Frandsen⁴, Britt Bang Jensen⁵, Mogens A. Krogh¹

Dept. of Animal and Veterinary Sciences, Aarhus University,
 AU Viborg – Research Centre Foulum, Tjele, Denmark
Bioinformatics Research Centre (BiRC), Aarhus University, Aarhus, Denmark
Production Systems, Natural Resources Institute (Luke), Helsinki, Finland
OxyGuard International A/S, Farum, Denmark
Dept. of Epidemiology, Norwegian Veterinary Institute, Ås, Norway



Recirculating aquaculture system (RAS) farm Foto: https://akvakulturfakta.dk/hvad-er-et-recirkuleringsanlaeg/

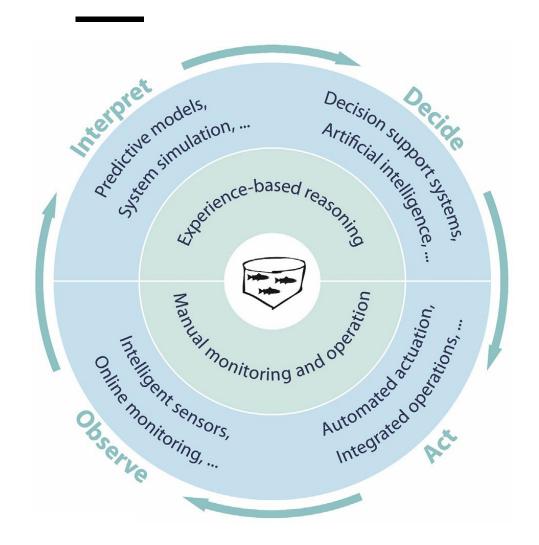
*) Intelligent farming and health control in land-based recirculating aquaculture systems

Study period: 1 Mar 2021 – 1 Sep 2024 IntelliRAS is supported by the Nordic Research and Innovation Programme for Sustainable Aquaculture under NordForsk (grant no. 104876); https://www.nordforsk.org





PRECISION FISH FARMING (PFF)



WP3 aim (Mogens Agerbo Krogh, AU, WPleader)

- Modelling and setting up systems for disease monitoring and PFF
- ... today: specifically monitoring and predicting mortality of rainbow trout.

The basic principles of Precision Fish Farming (PFF)

Fig. 1 from Føre et al. (2017)

Precision fish farming: A new framework to improve production in aquaculture

BiosystemsEngineering, 173, 176-193

https://doi.org/10.1016/j.biosystemseng.2017.10.014



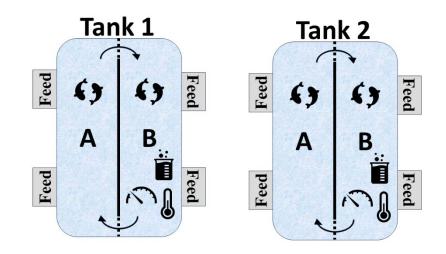


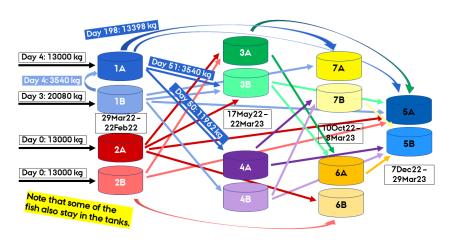


A SCANDINAVIANLAND-BASED RAINBOW TROUT RAS FARM

With a large degree of recirculation, filters and use of ground water.

- 12 concrete tanks
 - Each divided into two 532 m³ sub-tanks
- Feeders filled once each day
 - Providing feed when activated by fish
- Production cycle (on this farm)
 - Approx. 1 year
 - 350-400g when inserted
 - 3500-4000 g when slaughtered
- Batch
 - 29 March 2022 to 29 March 2023
 - Using 7 tanks for the last months



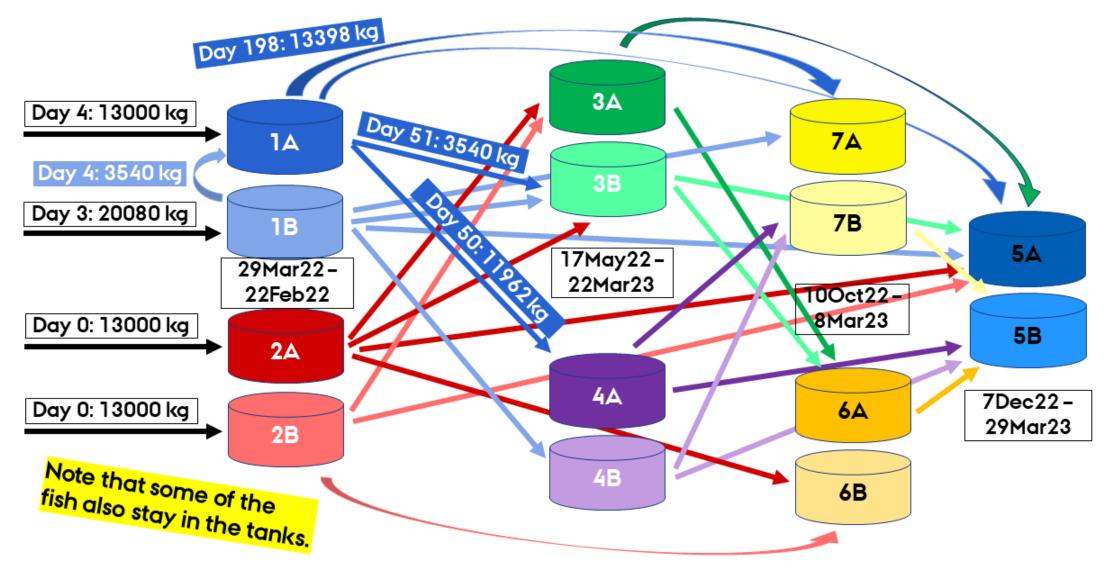








MOVEMENT OF FISH IN A BATCH AS THEY GROW









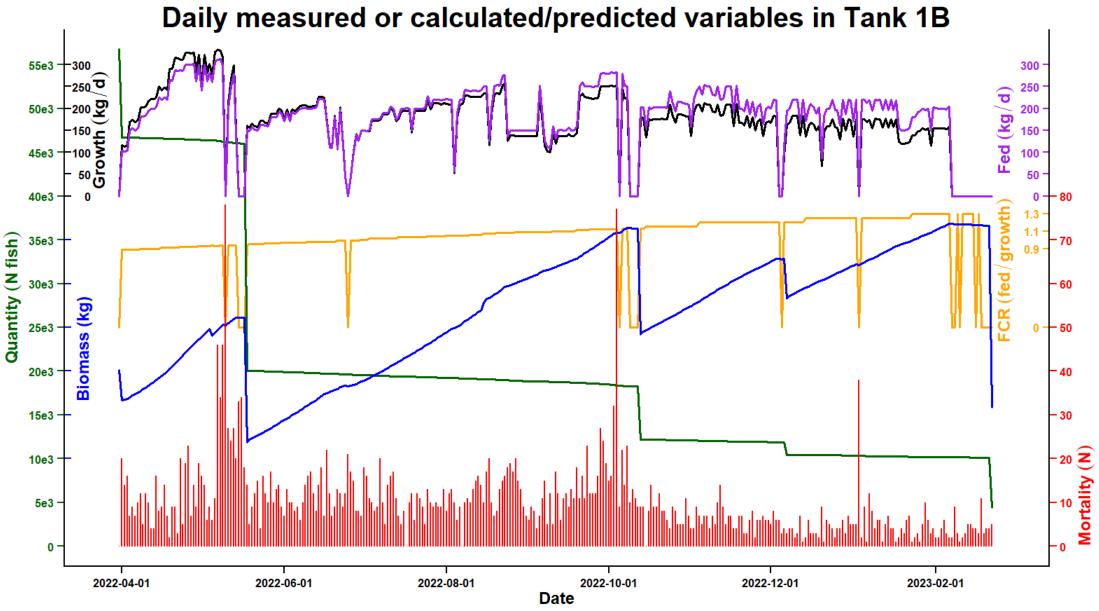
DAILY MEASURED OR CALCULATED/PREDICTED VARIABLES

- Growth (kg/day) of biomass in tank on day d: $G_d = \frac{F_d}{FCR_d}$
 - based on feed fed (F) and a feed conversion ratio (FCR)
- Biomass (kg) of tank on day d: $B_d = B_{d-1} + I_d R_d + G_d M_d \cdot W_{d-1}$
 - based on growth (G) and biomass of counted dead fish (M) on day d using the calculated average weight (W) from day d-1
 - and inserting (I) or removing (R) biomass when fish are moved
- Quantity (N fish): $Q_d = Q_{d-1} M_d + \frac{I_d R_d}{W_{d-1}}$
- **Density** of fish in the tank: $D_d = \frac{B_d}{V}$
 - where $V = 532 \text{ m}^3$ is the volume of the (sub-)tank





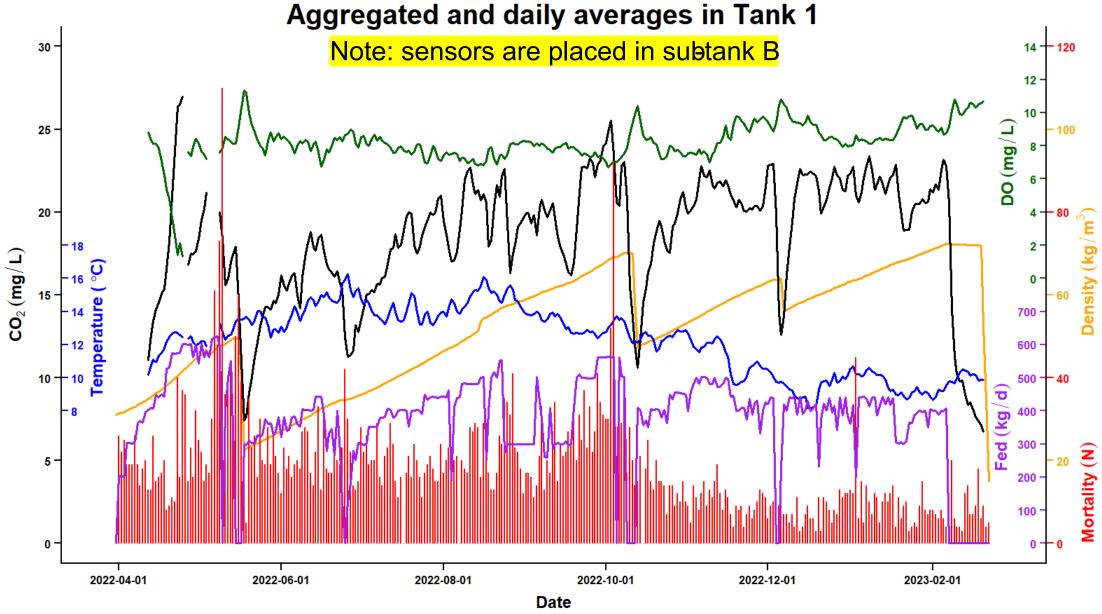










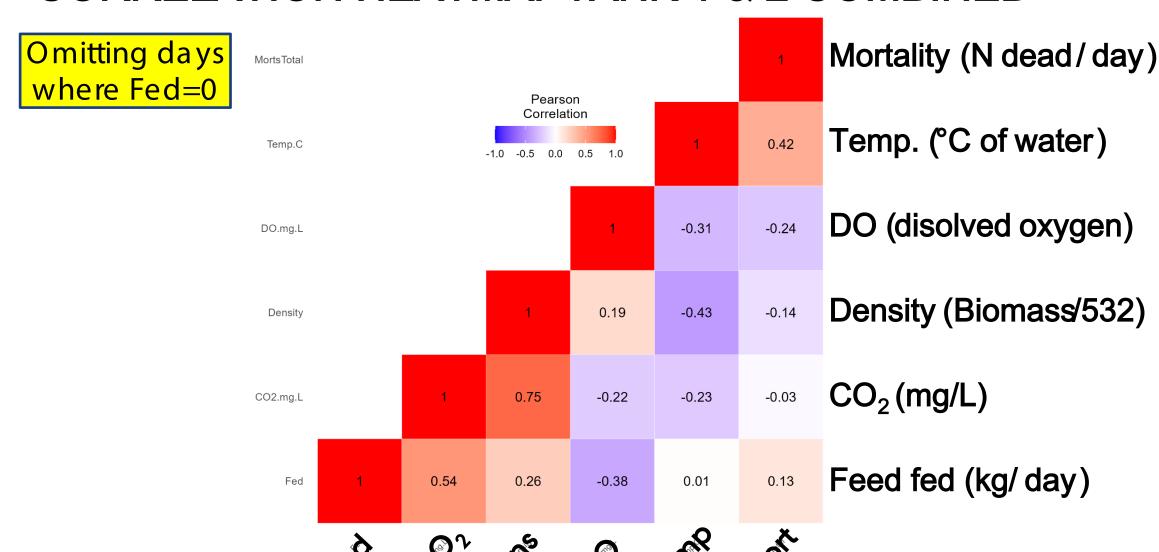








CORRELATION HEATMAPTANK 1 & 2 COMBINED









PFF TO CONTROL MORTALITY

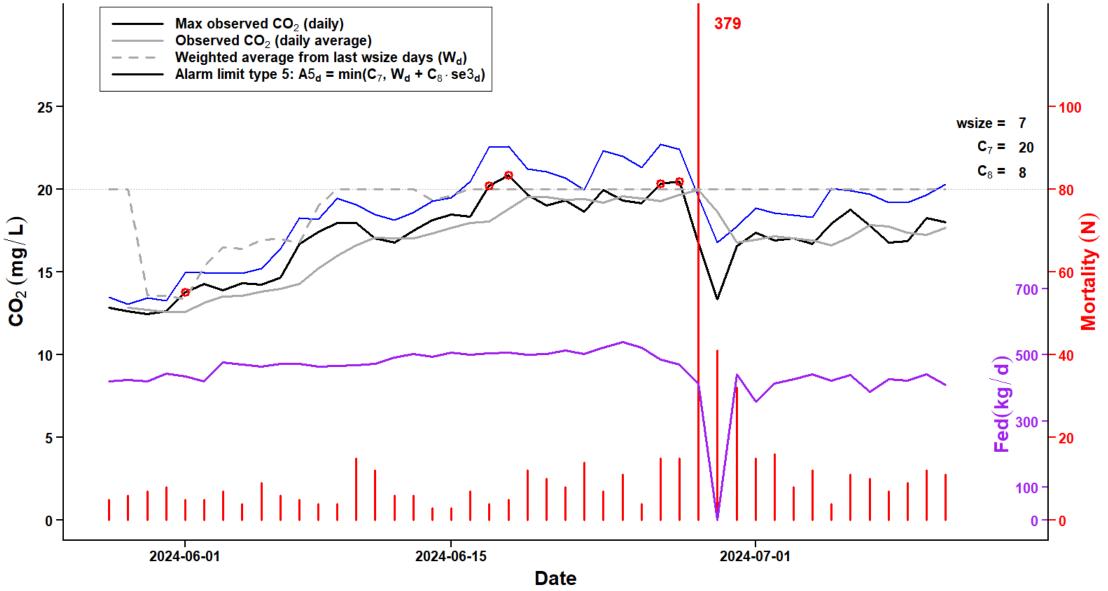
- Using mortality rates?
 - Counting is done consistently across farms, and it is
 - not based on underlying functions or changed occasionally on basis of unclear reasoning.
- Follow CO₂ by some kind of control chart to issue alarms?
 - Although CO₂ and mortality were not correlated, we might still
 - like to know if it is getting high / above some threshold
- Prediction using both sensor data and mortality counts
 - ... and perhaps other measurable things or decisions?
- Automated actions based on the above?
 - ... or maybe go for a stable pH level?







Pilot study - CO₂ level alarms in Tank 2

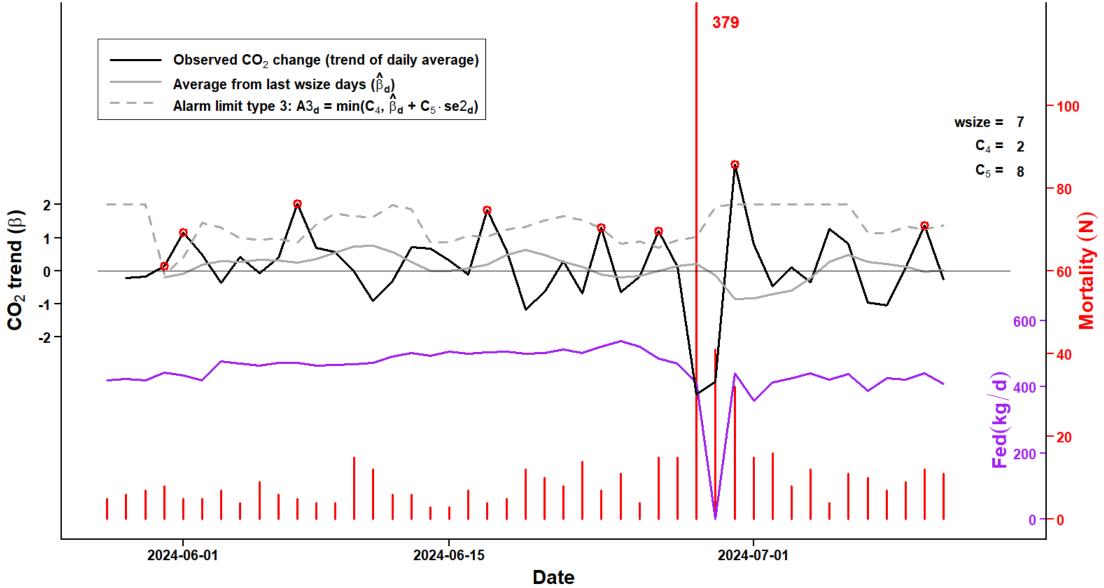








Pilot study - CO₂ trend alarms in Tank 2









- IntelliRAS is supported by the Nordic Research and Innovation Programme for Sustainable Aquaculture under NordForsk (grant no. 104876); https://www.nordforsk.org
- Study period: 1 March 2021 1 September 2024
- https://www.vetinst.no/en/research-and-innovation/ongoing-research-projects/intelliras



Thank you for your attention

mailto://leslie@anivet.au.dk http://anivet.au.dk/en

http://birc.au.dk

Thanks to the staff at the farm and to my co-authors and other collaborators







Matti Pastell



Mette Frandsen













AARHUS UNIVERSITY

DEPARTMENT OF ANIMAL AND VETERINARY SCIENCES