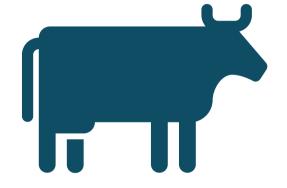
# The impact of virtual fence on cattle's learning curve and adaption over several weeks with multiple borders





# Agenda

- What is a virtual fence, and how does it work?
- Results from the first study with virtual fences in Sweden
- Conclusion and future research in Sweden







# Livestock on pasture requires fences!

#### Physical electric fences

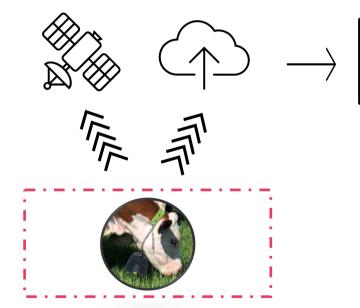
- Commonly used
- Low in flexibility
- Time consuming





- Interest is increasing
- High in flexibility
- Few work hours
- Lot's of research going on

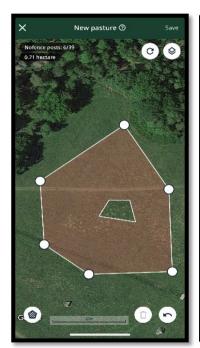








# Functionality of GPS -based virtual fence





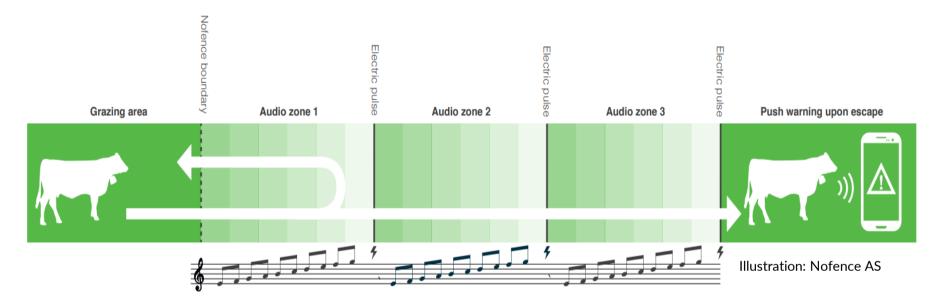


- System is controlled true a mobile app
- Create & change virtual pastures/borders
- "Real-time" position
- Individual data 🎜 🦻
- Heat maps





## How does it work for the animal?



- The goal is for the animals to turn around on an audio cue to avoid an electric pulse
- Maximum of three audio cues and three electric pulses → escaped

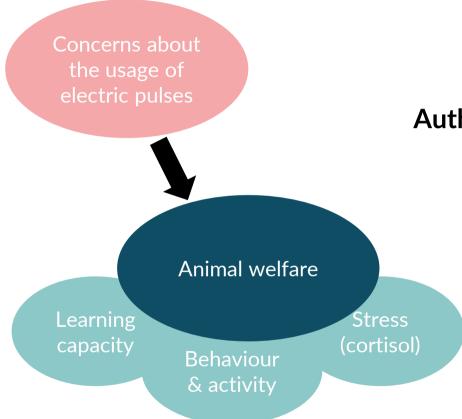
#### Strength of the electric pulse

0,1 Joule for sheep/goat and 0,2 Joule for cattle with a maximum voltage of 3.0 kV for 0,5 seconds "Normal" electric fences 5 Joules with a voltage of 7kV





# Why research on virtual fences?



#### Authorities require more knowledge of:

- individual differences in the learning curve
- adaption over long time
- > Animal welfare
- > Comparinson to physical electric fences





#### Method



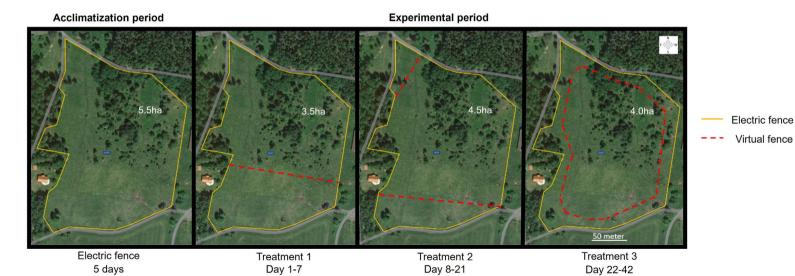
#### **Collection of data**

Audio cues
Electric pulses

#### **Treatments**

- T1: one VF-border
- T2: two VF-borders with relocation
- T3: four-sided virtual fenced pasture

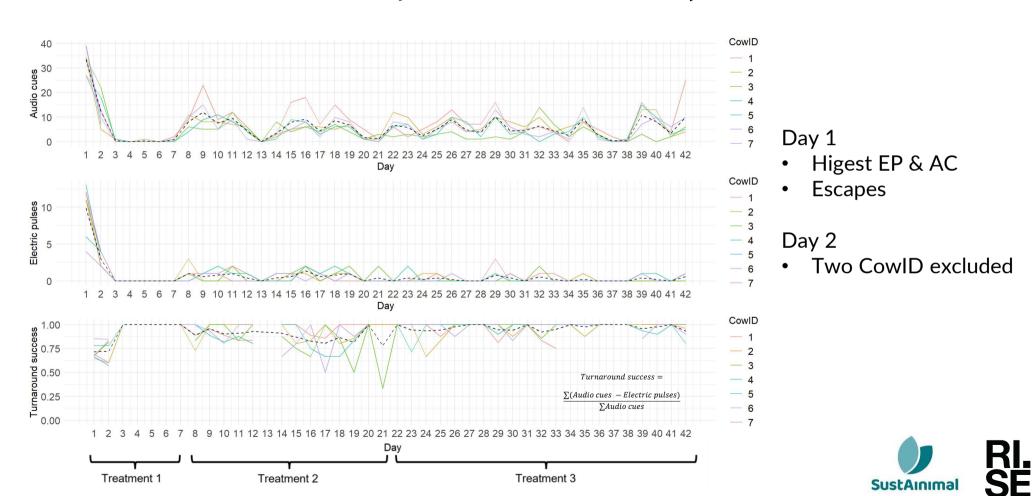
- 7 heifers
- 12 months
- At start, naïve to;
  - grazing
  - electric fences (EF)
  - virtual fences (VF)





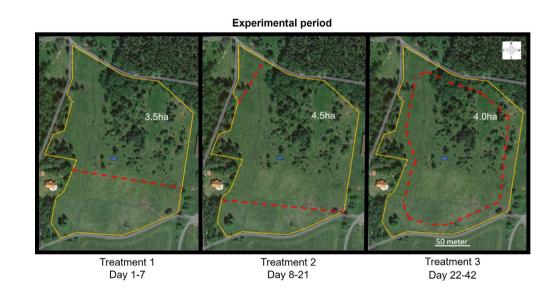


# The number of audio cues, electric pulses & turnaround success per Cowl D and Day



#### Differences between and within Treatment

Output variable	Treatment		
	1	2	3
Audio cues	1	Ţ	-
Electric pulses	1	<b>→</b>	
urnaround success	1	<b>→</b>	-







### Conclusions

- Cattle can learn to avoid electric pulses through audio cues
- The level of electric pulses per day remains stable over time after the initial learning phase and is not affected by the number, or relocation of the virtual borders
- No individual difference in learning curve and adaption

→ Few animals in study!







# What 's up next in Sweden?



- Several studies going on
  - practical usage of VF for nature conservation aspects
  - cattle and sheep
- Publishing plans
  - Comparion between VF & EF
     cortisol in feaces & hair,
     behavior and activity
  - Learning curve for sheep in different group settings





# Questions

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