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Do pig farms reconciliate sow prolificacy, pre-weaning survival and weaned litter size?

Typology and results of french herds

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Context

 Pre-weaning mortality > 20%Total Born in pig farms on average (Aubry et al, 2021)

- Piglet survival remains a key issue for economic, technical, societal and ethical reasons (Baxter et al, 2020)
- Negative impact of large litters and poor adjustment to teat numbers are regularly blamed (Badouard et Boulot, 2023)
- Mortality = Multifactorial causes, many other factors
- Variations according to farms, management, housing





Objectives of the study

- ✓ Analysis of large variability of pre-weaning mortality between french farms
- ✓ Identification of herd profiles with optimum combinations of weaning performances and piglet survival according to litter sizes
- √ Take into account diversity of housing and management





Data

Data base: French Management of Sow Herds (GT-PORC)

1013 farms with their average results in 2022

Criterias:

- Litter sizes : weaned, total born, born alive
- Mortality rates: %Total born, % Live born, % Stillborn, % Mummies
- Litter management: % nurse sows, % artificial milk support
- Others: gestation length, age at weaning, % fertility...

Main herd characteristics:

- Region, Size, Conventional vs Organic
- Housing Indoor, vs Outdoor...
- Specific management : free farrowing, farrowing lift cages



Statistical analysis



R Core Team, 2020

Correlations + Principal Component Analysis (PCA)

Factor Analysis of Mixed Data (FAMD):

- 15 Quantitatives variables + 5 Qualitatives
- 2 additional variables (lifts, free farrowing) without contributions

Hierarchical ascendent classification (k- means consolidation)

- Number of groups (analysis of variances, contributions of main criterias)
- Group characteristics & comparisons (Welch, Student/Wilcoxon, Khi2/Fisher)

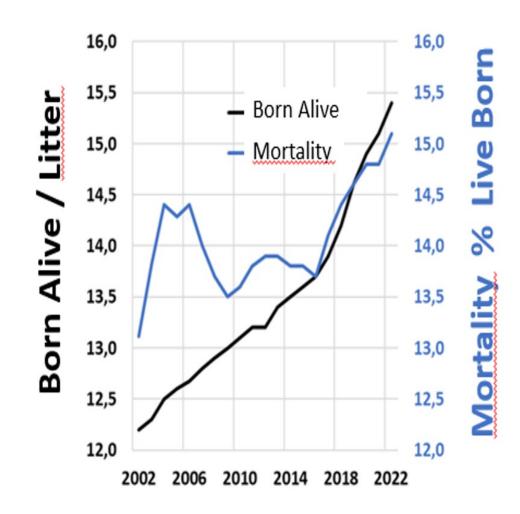


Farm Results 2022 (Ifip-GTTT GT-PORC)

- 16.7 Total Born / litter
- 15.4 Born Alive / litter
- 13.0 Weaned / litter
- **■** % Mortality Total Born : 21.6 %
- **■** % Mortality Born Alive : 15.1 %
- **■** % Stillborn Total Born : 7.6 %

↗ Litter sizes in 20 years ∶

- © + 3.5 TB, + 3.2 BA
- + 2.4 Weaned
- **⊗** + 2% Mortality Born Alive



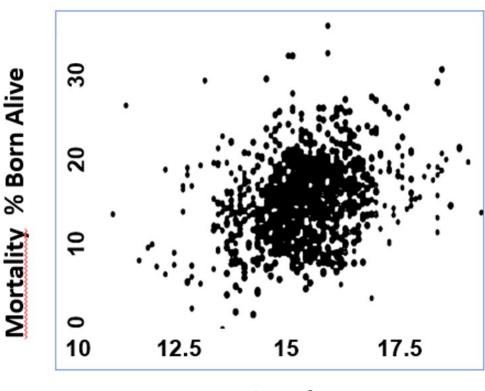


Large differences according to farms

Litter size CV % = 7 to 8 %

Mortality rates CV% = 24 to 30%

Litter size alone will not explain variability



Born Alive / Litter



Correlations Piglets Born, Weaned, Mortality

N= 1013	Weaned	ТВ	ВА	Mortality TB %	Mortality BA %	SB %
TB: Total Born	0.63					
BA : Born Alive	0.72					
Mortality TB%	-0.42	0.44	0.37			
Mortality BA%	-0.45	0.38	0.29	0.94		
SB: Stillborn %	-0.14	0.38	0.10	0.61	0.32	
Nurse Sows+Artif %	0.45	0.37	0.38	-0.09	-0.12	NS

Large Litters = ambivalent rôles

Positive favorable impact on weaned numbers

Unfavorable contribution to mortality

R Pearson p < 0.05



Typology 1013 farms

Classification → 5 Different Groups

Contrasting numbers of weaned piglets

Different characteristics & combinaisons of results

Weaned x Litter Size x Mortality



G1 1% Farms: Organic production and/or Outdoor

Groupe 5

	Groupe 1	Groupe 2	Groupe 3	Groupe 4
Farm number	14 (1%)			
Weaned / litter	11.4			
Total born / litter	16.6			
Born alive / litter	14.8	→		
Mortality Total Born %	30.9	_	west Weaned	oiglets
Mortality Born Alive %	2.6		ghest Mortality	
Stillborn rate %	10.6	• Av	erage Total Bor	n
Fertility 1st AI%	86.2			
Nurse sows + Artif milk %	0.1			
Size	Small			
Region	Not Brittany			
Outdoor	8 (57%)			
Organic production	13 (93%)			
Collective breeding	0 (0%)			
Free Farrowing	14 (100%)			
Lift farrowing cages	0 (0%)			

G2 12% Farms: Ultramarine and /or Smallest litters

	Groupe 1	Groupe 2	Groupe 3	Groupe 4	Groupe 5		
Farm number	14 (1%)	121 (12%)					
Weaned / litter	11.4	11.7					
Total born / litter	16.6	14.8					
Born alive / litter	14.8	13.8					
Mortality Total Born %	30.9	21.2	 Low Weaned piglets Average Mortality rates 				
Mortality Born Alive %	2.6	15.4					
Stillborn rate %	10.6	6.9					
Fertility 1st AI%	86.2	86.8	 Low Total Born 				
Nurse sows + Artif milk %	0.1	0.0					
Size	Small	Small	Despite Lift cages				
Region	Not Brittany	DOM / not Brittany					
Outdoor	8 (57%)	0 (0%)					
Organic production	13 (93%)	0 (0%)					
Collective breeding	0 (0%)	0 (0%)					
Free Farrowing	14 (100%)	2 (2%)					
Lift farrowing cages	0 (0%)	18 (16%)					

G3 42% Farms: Average Weaned & TB, High mortality

	Groupe 1	Groupe 2	Groupe 3	Groupe 4	Groupe 5		
Farm number	14 (1%)	121 (12%)	427 (42%)				
Weaned / litter	11.4	11.7	12.4				
Total born / litter	16.6	14.8	16.7				
Born alive / litter	14.8	13.8	15.3				
Mortality Total Born %	30.9	21.2	25.6	→			
Mortality Born Alive %	2.6	15.4	18.7	 Low Weaned pigle 			
Stillborn rate %	10.6	6.9	8.5	High Mortality rateAverage TB			
Fertility 1st AI%	86.2	86.8	89.0				
Nurse sows + Artif milk %	0.1	0.0	0.5				
Size	Small	Small	Average	+			
Region	Not Brittany	DOM / not Brittany	All	 Some lift 	lift Free Farrowing		
Outdoor	8 (57%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	Some	rice railowing		
Organic production	13 (93%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)				
Collective breeding	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	9 (2%)				
Free Farrowing	14 (100%)	2 (2%)	11 (4%)				
Lift farrowing cages	0 (0%)	18 (16%)	15 (5%)				

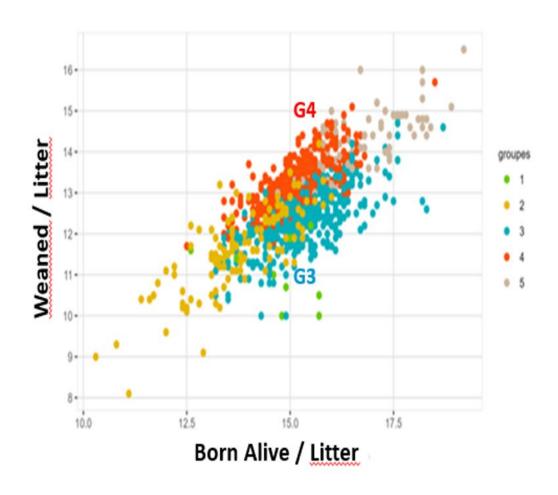
G4 34% Farms: Lowest Mortality, Good weaning

	Groupe 1	Groupe 2	Groupe 3	Groupe 4	Groupe 5
Farm number	14 (1%)	121 (12%)	427 (42%)	342 (34%)	
Weaned / litter	11.4	11.7	12.4	13.2	
Total born / litter	16.6	14.8	16.7	16.2	
Born alive / litter	14.8	13.8	15.3	15.1	→
Mortality Total Born %	30.9	21.2	25.6	18.1	Reconciliation
Mortality Born Alive %	2.6	15.4	18.7	12.3	also
Stillborn rate %	10.6	6.9	8.5	6.7	Nurse sows
Fertility 1st AI%	86.2	86.8	89.0	91.6	Lift cages
Nurse sows + Artif milk %	0.1	0.0	0.5	1.2	Free
Size	Small	Small	Average	Large	farrowing
Region	Not Brittany	DOM / not Brittany	All	Brittany	
Outdoor	8 (57%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	
Organic production	13 (93%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	
Collective breeding	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	9 (2%)	40 (12%)	
Free Farrowing	14 (100%)	2 (2%)	11 (4%)	14 (7%)	
Lift farrowing cages	0 (0%)	18 (16%)	15 (5%)	26 (13%)	J (1 /0)

G6 10% Farms: Maxi Weaned & TB, Maxi Mortality

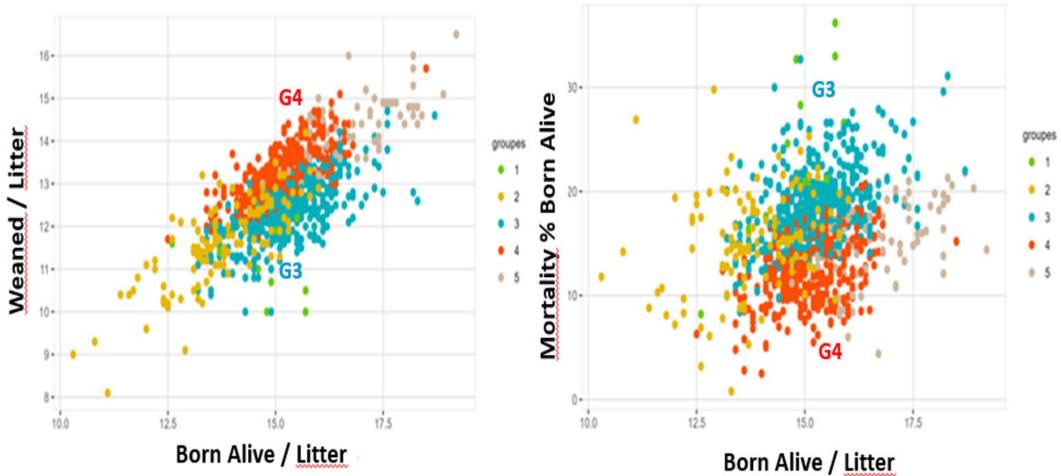
	Groupe 1	Groupe 2	Groupe 3	Groupe 4	Groupe 5
Farm number	14 (1%)	121 (12%)	427 (42%)	342 (34%)	93 (9%)
Weaned / litter	11,4	11,7	12,4	13,2	14.1
Total born / litter	16,6	14,8	16,7	16,2	18.1
Born alive / litter	14,8	13,8	15,3	15,1	16.6
Mortality Total Born %	30,9	21,2	25,6	18,1	21.9
Mortality Born Alive %	22,6	15,4	18,7	12,3	15.0
Stillborn rate %	10,6	6,9	8,5	6,7	8.2
Fertility 1st AI%	86,2	86,8	89,0	91,6	9.6
Nurse sows + Artif milk %	0,1	0,0	0,5	1,2	8,0
Size	Petits	Petits	Moyens	Grands	Large
Region	Hors Bretagne	DOM / Hors Bretagne	Toutes	Bretagne	Brittany
Outdoor	8 (57%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
Organic production	13 (93%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
Collective breeding	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	9 (2%)	40 (12%)	7 (8%)
Free Farrowing	14 (100%)	2 (2%)	11 (4%)	14 (7%)	0 (0%)
Lift farrowing cages	0 (0%)	18 (16%)	15 (5%)	26 (13%)	3 (7%)

G4: More Weaned piglets, Less Mortality, Same Prolificacy than G3





G4: More Weaned piglets, Less Mortality, Same Prolificacy than G3





Conclusions (1/2)

Confirmation of large variability of weaning performances and mortality rates according to farms

Large litters:

Have ambivalent (positive/negative) impacts on farm results

Do not fully explain differences of mortality rates between farms

- Mortality risk increase in very prolific farms, but mortality can occur for all litter sizes even below 14 BA
- © Within a range of 14 16 Born Alive, some farms (34%) reconcile good weaning performances, low pre-weaning mortality and large litters



Conclusions (2/2)

Specific successful strategies implemented by these farms can be only suggested (suckling and milk support, housing ...).

They should be further investigated.

Free-farrowing and other alternative sow management should also deserve more data and attention.

This could help to set new farm targets and to support multi-criterial approach in order to reconcile societal demand and technical results.







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