Consecutive mating of black soldier fly males to produce full- and half-sibling offspring

Kim Jensen, Sarah F. Thormose, Natasja K. Noer, Toke M. Schou, Morten Kargo, Anton Gligorescu, Jan V. Nørgaard, Laura S. Hansen, Roos M. Zaalberg, Hanne M. Nielsen, Torsten N. Kristensen









Animal breeding programs

- Controlled mating
- Pedigree tracking
- Full-/half-sibling breeding design









Need to mate under lekking conditions

- Mass rearing
- Multiple pairs
- Population level selection



First round

• Can a selected male mate a selected female?

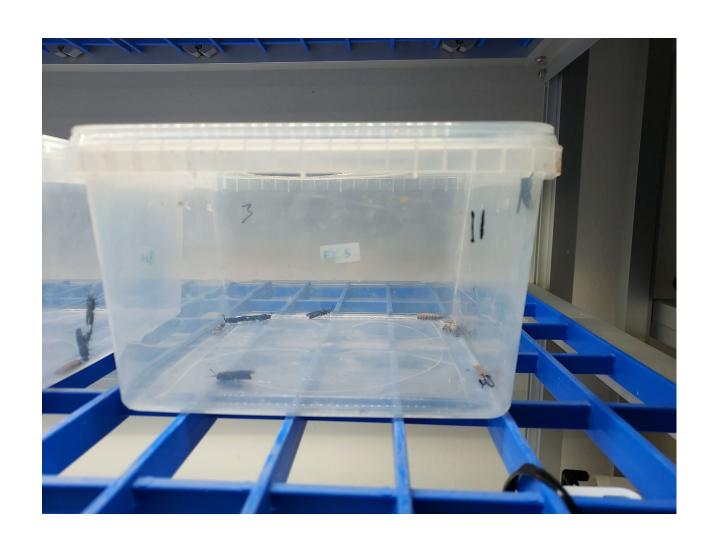
Can a selected male mate multiple females?



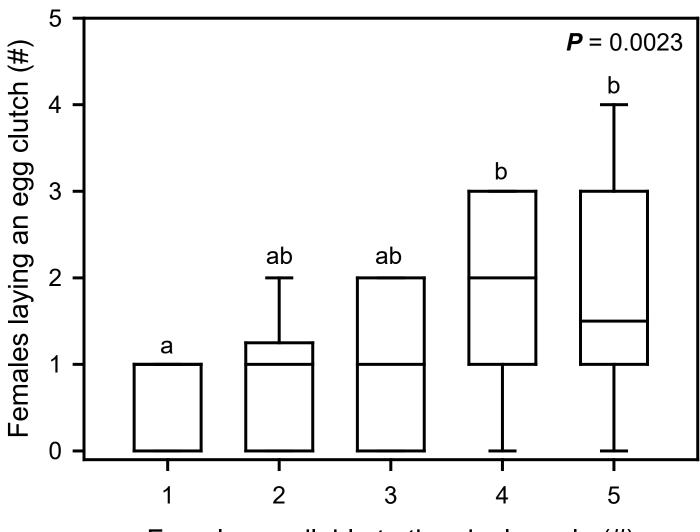
• Pupae in individual drosophila vials

First round

- 1 male + 1 female
- 1 male + 2 females
- 1 male + 3 females
- 1 male + 4 females
- 1 male + 5 females
- N = 18
- 48 h since emergence
- 48 h to mate
- 27°C
- 70% RH
- Fluorescent tubes







Females available to the single male (#)

2nd round



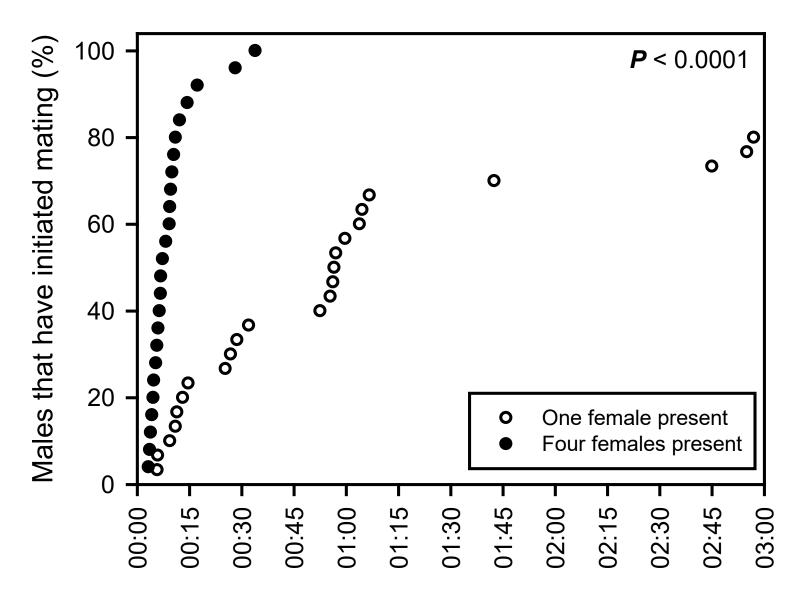
Round 2

- 1 male + 1 female
- N = 30
- 1 male + 4 females
- N = 25
- 50W LED lights
- Observation for 4 hours
- 48 h since emergence
- 27°C
- 70% RH



Round 2 – 1 male + 1 or 4 females

- How quickly will pairs mate?
- Does the number of females influence time until first mating?
- How soon will males mate again?
- How many females will be mated in this short time frame?



Time since start of mating trial (hh:mm)

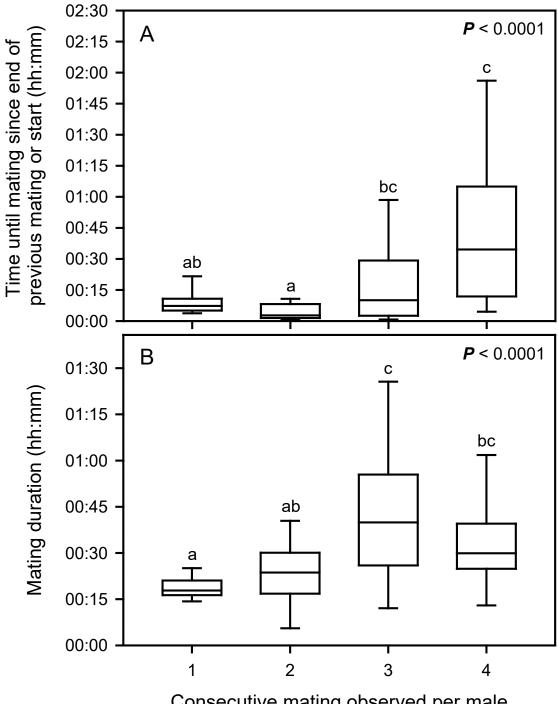
1 male + 1 or 4 females, 4 hours of observation

1 female present

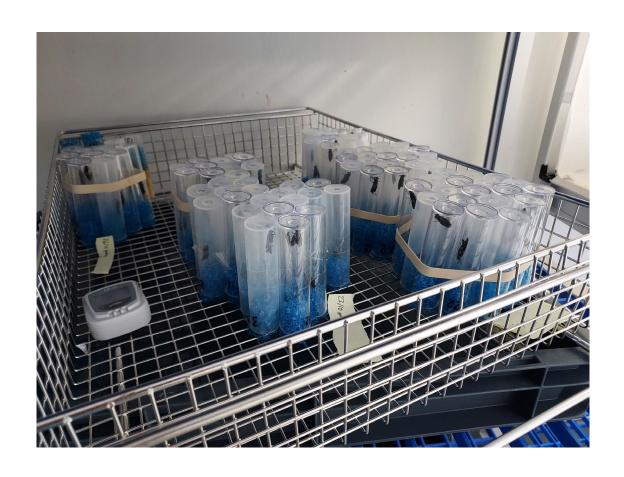
80% mated within 3 hours

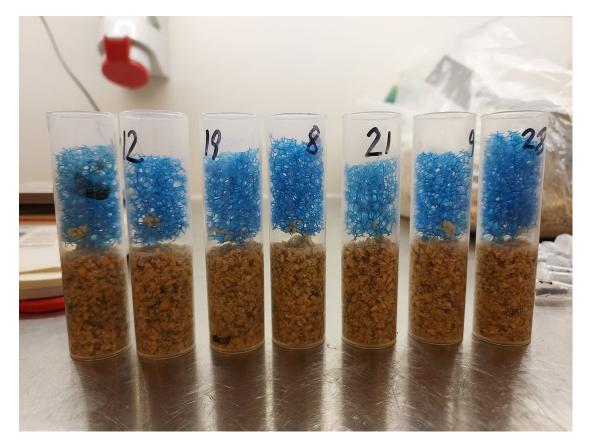
4 females present

- 100% mated within 35 minutes
- 96% mated a 2nd time
- 88% mated 3 times
- 52% mated 4 times



Consecutive mating observed per male





1 male + 1 female

- All but 1 mated females (N = 24) laid an egg clutch
- All egg clutches hatched to larvae (median 149)

1 male + 4 females

- 1 female laid an egg clutch (8%)
- 2 females laid an egg clutch (44%)
- 3 females laid an egg clutch (36%)
- 4 females laid an egg clutch (12%)
- Significant orrelation between the number of times a male mated and the number of females producing an egg clutch (Pearson: $\chi^2_{9.25} = 18.32$, P = 0.032)
- 92% (58 out of 63) egg clutches produced larvae (median 138)

Conclusions

• Individual fly pairs can be readily mated without lekking

• A male can successfully mate multiple females within a few hours

Implications

- Individual flies can be selected for breeding
- Pedigrees can be tracked
- Full-/half-sibling offspring can be readily attained

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